WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of Formula I:

5

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof, wherein

a is 0 or 1;

10 b is 0 or 1;

m is 0, 1, or 2;

r is 0 or 1;

s is 0 or 1; and

u is 2, 3, 4 or 5;

15

a dashed line represents an optional double bond, provided that one and only one double bond is present in the ring;

R¹ is selected from:

20 1) (C=O)O-C₁-C₁₀ alkyl,

2) (C=O)O-aryl,

3) (C=O)O-C2-C10 alkenyl,

4) (C=O)O-C2-C10 alkynyl,

5) (C=O)O-C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and

25 6) (C=O)O-heterocyclyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R^{10} ;

R² and R⁶ are independently selected from:

- 1) aryl,
- 2) C₁-C₆ aralkyl,
- 3) C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and
- 5 4) heterocyclyl,

said aryl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R¹⁰;

provided that R² and R⁶ are not both an unsubstituted aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl;

R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, and R⁹ are independently selected from:

- 1) H,
- 2) C_1 - C_{10} alkyl,
- 15 3) aryl,
 - 4) C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 5) C2-C₁₀ alkynyl,
 - 6) C₁-C₆ perfluoroalkyl,
 - 7) C₁-C₆ aralkyl,
- 20 8) C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and
 - 9) heterocyclyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R^{10} ; or

25 R⁴ and R⁵, or R⁸ and R⁹, attached to the same carbon atom are combined to form -(CH₂)_u- wherein one of the carbon atoms is optionally replaced by a moiety selected from O, S(O)_m, -N(R^a)C(O)-, -N(R^b)- and -N(COR^a)-;

R¹⁰ is independently selected from:

- 30 1) $(C=O)_aO_bC_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
 - 2) $(C=O)_aO_baryl$,
 - 3) C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 4) C2-C10 alkynyl,
 - 5) (C=O)_aO_b heterocyclyl,

6) CO₂H, 7) halo, 8) CN, 9) OH. 5 ObC1-C6 perfluoroalkyl, 10) 11) $O_a(C=O)_bNR^{12}R^{13}$, 12) S(O)mRa, 13) $S(O)_2NR^{12}R^{13}$, 14) oxo, 10 15) CHO, 16) (N=O)R12R13, and 17) (C=O)aObC3-C8 cycloalkyl, said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R11; 15 R¹¹ is selected from: $(C=O)_rO_s(C_1-C_{10})$ alkyl, 1) 2) O_r(C₁-C₃)perfluoroalkyl, 3) (C₀-C₆)alkylene-S(O)_mRa, 20 4) oxo, 5) OH, 6) halo, 7) CN, 8) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_2-C_{10})$ alkenyl, 25 9) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_2-C_{10})$ alkynyl, 10) (C=O)_rO_s(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, $(C=O)_rO_s(C_0-C_6)$ alkylene-aryl, 11) 12) (C=O)_rO_s(C₀-C₆)alkylene-heterocyclyl, (C=O)_rO_s(C₀-C₆)alkylene-N(R^b)₂, 13) 30 $C(O)R^{a}$ 14)

(C0-C6)alkylene-CO2Ra

(C₀-C₆)alkylene-CO₂H,

C(O)H,

 $C(O)N(R^b)_2$,

15) 16)

17)

18)

- 19) $S(O)_mR^a$, and
- 20) $S(O)_2N(R^b)_2$

said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylene and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with up to three substituents selected from Rb, OH, (C1-C6)alkoxy,

5 halogen, CO₂H, CN, O(C=O)C₁-C₆ alkyl, oxo, and N(R^b)₂;

R12 and R13 are independently selected from:

- 1) H,
- 2) $(C=O)O_bC_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
- 10 3) (C=O)ObC3-C8 cycloalkyl,
 - 4) (C=O)Obaryl,
 - 5) (C=O)Obheterocyclyl,
 - 6) C₁-C₁₀ alkyl,
 - 7) aryl,
- 15 8) C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 9) C2-C₁₀ alkynyl,
 - 10) heterocyclyl,
 - 11) C3-C8 cycloalkyl,
 - 12) SO₂Ra, and
- 20 13) $(C=O)NRb_2$,

said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocylyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R¹¹, or

- R12 and R13 can be taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached to
 form a monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle with 5-7 members in each ring and
 optionally containing, in addition to the nitrogen, one or two additional heteroatoms
 selected from N, O and S, said monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle optionally
 substituted with one or more substituents selected from R11;
- 30 Ra is (C1-C6)alkyl, (C3-C6)cycloalkyl, aryl, or heterocyclyl; and
 - Rb is H, (C1-C6)alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, (C3-C6)cycloalkyl, (C=O)OC1-C6alkyl, (C=O)C1-C6 alkyl or S(O)₂R^a.

2. A compound of the Formula II,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^4 \\
R^3 \\
R^2 \\
R^8 \\
R^1
\end{array}$$

5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof, wherein

a is 0 or 1; b is 0 or 1; m is 0, 1, or 2; r is 0 or 1;

10 r is 0 or 1; s is 0 or 1;

a dashed line represents an optional double bond, provided that one and only one double bond is present in the ring;

15

R¹ is selected from:

- 1) $(C=O)O-C_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
- 2) (C=O)O-aryl,
- 3) (C=O)O-C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
- 20 4) (C=O)O-C₂-C₁₀ alkynyl,
 - 5) (C=O)O-C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and
 - 6) (C=O)O-heterocyclyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R¹⁰;

25

R² and R⁶ are independently selected from:

- 1) aryl,
- 2) C₁-C₆ aralkyl,
- 3) C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and

4) heterocyclyl,

said aryl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R^{10} ;

- 5 provided that R² and R⁶ are not both an unsubstituted aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl;
 - R³, R⁴ and R⁸ are independently selected from:
 - 1) H,
- 10 2) C₁-C₁₀ alkyl,
 - 3) aryl,
 - 4) C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 5) C2-C10 alkynyl,
 - 6) C₁-C₆ perfluoroalkyl,
- 15 7) C₁-C₆ aralkyl,
 - 8) C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and
 - 9) heterocyclyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R¹⁰;

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R¹⁰ is independently selected from:

- 1) $(C=O)_aO_bC_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
- 2) $(C=O)_aO_baryl$,
- 3) C2-C10 alkenyl,
- 25 4) C2-C10 alkynyl,
 - 5) (C=O)_aO_b heterocyclyl,
 - 6) CO₂H,
 - 7) halo,
 - 8) CN,
- 30 9) OH,
 - 10) ObC1-C6 perfluoroalkyl,
 - 11) $O_a(C=O)_bNR^{12}R^{13}$,
 - 12) $S(O)_m R^a$,
 - 13) $S(O)_2NR^{12}R^{13}$,
- 35 14) oxo,

- 15) CHO,
- 16) $(N=O)R^{12}R^{13}$, and
- 17) (C=O)_aO_bC₃-C₈ cycloalkyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R¹¹;

R¹¹ is selected from:

- 1) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_1-C_{10})$ alkyl,
- 2) $O_r(C_1-C_3)$ perfluoroalkyl,
- 10 3) oxo,
 - 4) OH,
 - 5) halo,
 - 6) CN,
 - 7) (C2-C10)alkenyl,
- 15 8) (C₂-C₁₀)alkynyl,
 - 9) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_3-C_6)$ cycloalkyl,
 - 10) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_0-C_6)$ alkylene-aryl,
 - 11) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_0-C_6)$ alkylene-heterocyclyl,
 - 12) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_0-C_6)$ alkylene- $N(R^b)_2$,
- 20 13) C(O)Ra,
 - 14) (C₀-C₆)alkylene-CO₂R^a,
 - 15) C(O)H,
 - 16) (C₀-C₆)alkylene-CO₂H,
 - 17) $C(O)N(R^b)_2$,
- 25 18) $S(O)_mR^a$, and
 - 19) $S(O)_2N(R^b)_2$;

said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylene and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with up to three substituents selected from R^b, OH, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, halogen, CO₂H, CN, O(C=O)C₁-C₆ alkyl, oxo, and N(R^b)₂;

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R12 and R13 are independently selected from:

- 1) H,
- 2) $(C=O)O_bC_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
- 3) (C=O)O_bC₃-C₈ cycloalkyl,

- 4) (C=O)Obaryl,
- 5) (C=O)Obheterocyclyl,
- 6) C₁-C₁₀ alkyl,
- 7) aryl,

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- 8) C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 9) C2-C10 alkynyl,
 - 10) heterocyclyl,
 - 11) C3-C8 cycloalkyl,
 - 12) SO₂R^a, and
- 10 13) (C=O)NRb₂,

said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocylyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R^{11} , or

R12 and R13 can be taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached to form a monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle with 5-7 members in each ring and optionally containing, in addition to the nitrogen, one or two additional heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, said monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R11;

20 Ra is (C1-C6)alkyl, (C3-C6)cycloalkyl, aryl, or heterocyclyl; and

Rb is H, (C1-C6)alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, (C3-C6)cycloalkyl, (C=O)OC1-C6alkyl, (C=O)C1-C6alkyl or S(O)₂Ra.

3. The compound according to Claim 2 of the formula III:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof, wherein:

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a is 0 or 1;
b is 0 or 1;
5 m is 0, 1, or 2;
r is 0 or 1;
s is 0 or 1;
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R¹ is selected from:

- 10 1) (C=O)O-C1-C10 alkyl,
 - 2) (C=O)O-aryl,
 - 3) (C=O)O-C3-C8 cycloalkyl, and
 - 4) (C=O)O-heterocyclyl,

said alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R¹⁰;

R³, R⁴ and R⁸ are independently selected from:

- 1) H,
- 2) C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, and
- 20 3) C₁-C₆ perfluoroalkyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R¹⁰;

R¹⁰ is independently selected from:

- 25 1) $(C=O)_aO_bC_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
 - 2) $(C=O)_aO_baryl$,
 - 3) C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 4) C2-C₁₀ alkynyl,
 - 5) (C=O)_aO_b heterocyclyl,
- 30 6) CO₂H,
 - 7) halo,
 - 8) CN,
 - 9) OH,
 - 10) ObC1-C6 perfluoroalkyl,
- 35 11) $O_a(C=O)_bNR^{12}R^{13}$,

- 12) $S(O)_mRa$,
- 13) $S(O)_2NR^{12}R^{13}$,
- 14) oxo,
- 15) CHO,
- 5 (N=O)R12R13, and
 - 17) (C=O)_aO_bC₃-C₈ cycloalkyl,

said alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R¹¹;

10 R¹⁰' is halogen;

R11 is selected from:

- 1) $(C=O)_{r}O_{s}(C_{1}-C_{10})$ alkyl,
- 2) O_r(C₁-C₃)perfluoroalkyl,
- 15 3) oxo,
 - 4) OH,
 - 5) halo,
 - 6) CN,
 - 7) (C_2-C_{10}) alkenyl,
- 20 8) (C2-C10)alkynyl,
 - 9) $(C=O)_TO_S(C_3-C_6)$ cycloalkyl,
 - 10) $(C=O)_rO_s(C_0-C_6)$ alkylene-aryl,
 - 11) (C=O)_rO_s(C₀-C₆)alkylene-heterocyclyl,
 - 12) $(C=O)_TO_S(C_0-C_6)$ alkylene- $N(R^b)_2$,
- 25 13) C(O)Ra,
 - 14) (C₀-C₆)alkylene-CO₂R^a
 - 15) C(O)H,
 - 16) (C₀-C₆)alkylene-CO₂H,
 - 17) $C(O)N(R^b)_2$,
- 30 18) $S(O)_mR^a$, and
 - 19) $S(O)_2N(R^b)_2$;

said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylene and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with up to three substituents selected from Rb, OH, (C1-C6)alkoxy, halogen, CO2H, CN, O(C=O)C1-C6 alkyl, oxo, and N(Rb)2;

- 5 R12 and R13 are independently selected from:
 - 1) H,
 - 2) $(C=O)O_bC_1-C_{10}$ alkyl,
 - 3) (C=O)O_bC₃-C₈ cycloalkyl,
 - 4) (C=O)Obaryl,
- 10 5) (C=O)Obheterocyclyl,
 - 6) C₁-C₁₀ alkyl,
 - 7) aryl,
 - 8) C2-C₁₀ alkenyl,
 - 9) C2-C₁₀ alkynyl,
- 15 10) heterocyclyl,

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- 11) C3-C8 cycloalkyl,
- 12) SO₂Ra, and
- 13) $(C=O)NRb_2$,

said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocylyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R¹¹, or

R¹² and R¹³ can be taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached to form a monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle with 5-7 members in each ring and optionally containing, in addition to the nitrogen, one or two additional heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, said monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R¹¹;

R^a is independently selected from: (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl; and

Rb is independently selected from: H, (C1-C6)alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, (C3-C6)cycloalkyl, (C=0)OC1-C6 alkyl, (C=0)C1-C6 alkyl or S(0)₂Ra.

The compound according to Claim 3 of the formula III, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof,

wherein:

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R¹ is (C=O)O-C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, said alkyl, is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from R¹⁰;

- 10 R³, R⁴ and R⁸ are independently selected from:
 - 1) H, and
 - 2) C₁-C₁₀ alkyl,

said alkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from R^{10} ; and

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R10, R11, R12, R13, Ra and Rb are as described in Claim 3.

5. A compound selected from:

- 20 methyl 4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
 - allyl 4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
- ethyl 4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
- phenyl 4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate; isopropyl 4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
- 30 2-(dimethylamino)-2-methylpropyl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
 - 2-aminoethyl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
- 35
 3-aminopropyl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
- pyrrolidin-3-yl (2*S*)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;

piperidin-4-yl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;

5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof.

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- 6. The compound according to Claim 5 which is the TFA salt of a compound selected from:
- 2-(dimethylamino)-2-methylpropyl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
 - 2-aminoethyl (2*S*)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
 - 3-aminopropyl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate;
- pyrrolidin-3-yl (2*S*)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate; and
 - piperidin-4-yl (2S)-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole-1-carboxylate.
- 7. A pharmaceutical composition that is comprised of a compound in accordance with Claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 8. A method of treating or preventing cancer in a mammal in need of such treatment that is comprised of administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.
 - 9. A method of treating cancer or preventing cancer in accordance with Claim 8 wherein the cancer is selected from cancers of the brain, genitourinary tract, lymphatic system, stomach, larynx and lung.
 - 10. A method of treating or preventing cancer in accordance with Claim 8 wherein the cancer is selected from histiocytic lymphoma, lung

adenocarcinoma, small cell lung cancers, pancreatic cancer, gioblastomas and breast carcinoma.

- A process for making a pharmaceutical composition which
 comprises combining a compound of Claim 1 with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 12. The composition of Claim 7 further comprising a second compound selected from:
- 1) an estrogen receptor modulator,
 - 2) an androgen receptor modulator,
 - 3) a retinoid receptor modulator,
 - 4) a cytotoxic/cytostatic agent,
 - 5) an antiproliferative agent,
- 15 6) a prenyl-protein transferase inhibitor,
 - 7) an HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor,
 - 8) an HIV protease inhibitor,
 - 9) a reverse transcriptase inhibitor,
 - 10) an angiogenesis inhibitor, and
- 20 11) a PPAR-γ agonist,
 - 12) a PPAR-δ agonists;
 - 13) an inhibitor of cell proliferation and survival signaling, and
 - 14) an agent that interfers with a cell cycle checkpoint.
- 13. The composition of Claim 12, wherein the second compound is an angiogenesis inhibitor selected from the group consisting of a tyrosine kinase inhibitor, an inhibitor of epidermal-derived growth factor, an inhibitor of fibroblast-derived growth factor, an inhibitor of platelet derived growth factor, an MMP inhibitor, an integrin blocker, interferon-α, interleukin-12, pentosan polysulfate, a cyclooxygenase inhibitor, carboxyamidotriazole, combretastatin A-4, squalamine, 6-O-(chloroacetyl-carbonyl)-fumagillol, thalidomide, angiostatin, troponin-1, and an antibody to VEGF.
- 14. The composition according to Claim 7 further comprising a proteosome inhibitor.

15. The composition according to Claim 7 further comprising a aurora kinase inhibitor.

- The composition according to Claim 7 further comprising a Raf kinase inhibitor.
 - 17. The composition according to Claim 7 further comprising a serine/threonine kinase inhibitor.

18. The composition according to Claim 7 further comprising an inhibitor of another mitotic kinesin which is not KSP.

- 19. The composition of Claim 12, wherein the second compound is an estrogen receptor modulator selected from tamoxifen and raloxifene.
 - 20. A method of treating cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with radiation therapy.

21. A method of treating or preventing cancer that comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with a compound selected from:

- 1) an estrogen receptor modulator,
- 25 an androgen receptor modulator,
 - 3) a retinoid receptor modulator,
 - 4) a cytotoxic/cytostatic agent,
 - 5) an antiproliferative agent,
 - 6) a prenyl-protein transferase inhibitor,
- 30 7) an HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor,
 - 8) an HIV protease inhibitor,
 - 9) a reverse transcriptase inhibitor,
 - 10) an angiogenesis inhibitor,
 - 11) PPAR-γ agonists,
- 35 12) PPAR- δ agonists,

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13) an inhibitor of inherent multidrug resistance,

	14)	an anti	i-emetic agent,	
	15)	<u> </u>		
	16)			
5	17)	an immunologic-enhancing drug,		
	18)	an inhibitor of cell proliferation and survival signaling, and		
	19)	an agent that interfers with a cell cycle checkpoint.		
	•	22.	A method of treating cancer that comprises administering a	
10	therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with			
	radiation therapy and a compound selected from:			
		1)	an estrogen receptor modulator,	
		2)	an androgen receptor modulator,	
		3)	a retinoid receptor modulator,	
15		4)	a cytotoxic/cytostatic agent,	
		5)	an antiproliferative agent,	
		6)	a prenyl-protein transferase inhibitor,	
		7)	an HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor,	
		8)	an HIV protease inhibitor,	
20	,	9)	a reverse transcriptase inhibitor,	
		10)	an angiogenesis inhibitor,	
		11)	PPAR-γ agonists,	
		12)	PPAR-δ agonists,	
		13)	an inhibitor of inherent multidrug resistance,	
25		14)	an anti-emetic agent,	
		15)	an agent useful in the treatment of anemia,	
		16)	an agent useful in the treatment of neutropenia,	
		17)	an immunologic-enhancing drug,	
		18)	an inhibitor of cell proliferation and survival signaling, and	
30		19)	an agent that interfers with a cell cycle checkpoint.	

23. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 and paclitaxel or trastuzumab.

24. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 and a GPIIb/IIIa antagonist.

- 5 25. The method of Claim 33 wherein the GPIIb/IIIa antagonist is tirofiban.
- 26. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with a COX-2 inhibitor.
 - 27. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with a proteosome inhibitor.

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- 28. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with an aurora kinase inhibitor.
- 29. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with a Raf kinase inhibitor.
- 30. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with a serine/threonine kinase inhibitor.
 - 31. A method of treating or preventing cancer which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 in combination with an inhibitor of a mitotic kinesin that is not KSP.
 - 32. A method of modulating mitotic spindle formation which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.

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33. A method of inhibiting the mitotic kinesin KSP which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.